



Plans for Neutral Beam Injection on HSX



D.T. Anderson, F.S.B. Anderson, K.M. Likin, S. Murakami¹, E.M. Schilling, A.L.F. Thornton
 HSX Plasma Laboratory, University of Wisconsin, Madison, WI, USA; ¹ Kyoto University, Kyoto, Japan

Project Goals

- Study energetic ion confinement in a Quasi-Symmetric Stellarator
 - Use Neutral Beam Injection (NBI) to inject 20 keV deuterium neutrals into deuterium plasma and measure resulting neutron flux from D-D fusion events
 - Infer presence and confinement of fast ions from decaying neutron flux
- Identify / Test metrics for energetic ion confinement
 - Effect of symmetry breaking, effective ripple
 - Use to assess / optimize potential configurations for future devices

NBI System

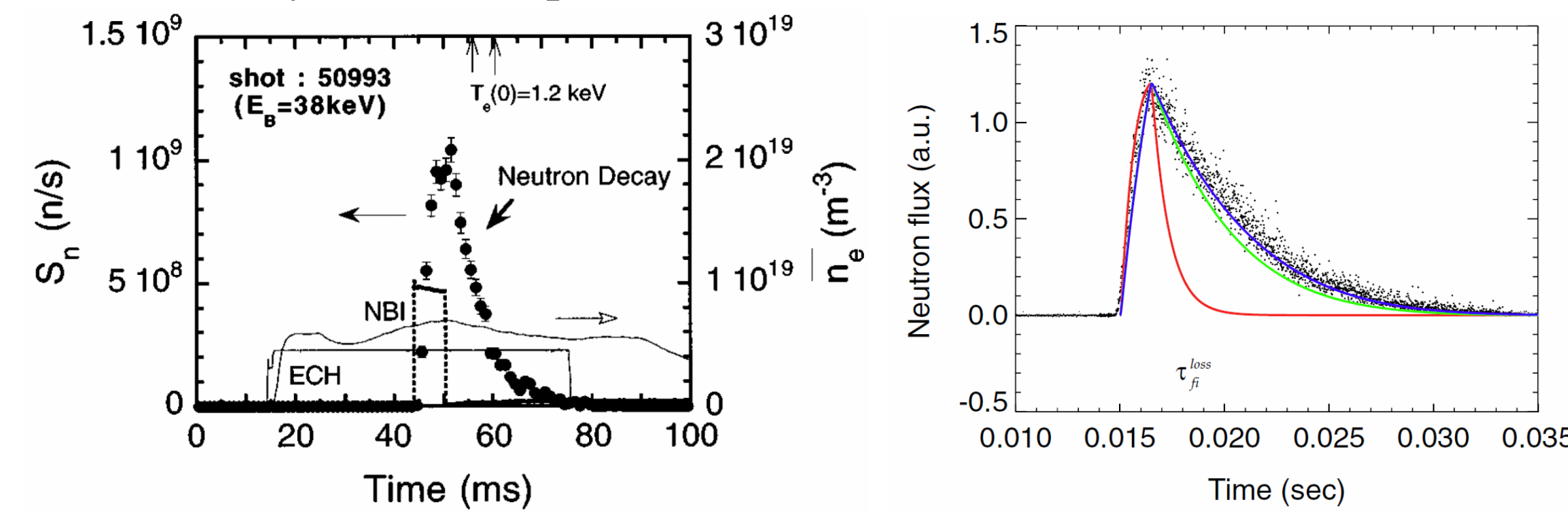
Acceleration Voltage	20 kV
Emitted Current	40 A (0.8 MW)
Estimated Current into Plasma	25 A (0.5 MW)
Gaussian Beam Diameter / Divergence	5.4 cm / 1.2 degs.
Pulse Time	1.2 msec
Injection Angle	90 – 72 degs.
Length along Beam Axis into Plasma	31 – 38 cm



Beam Head and Neutralizer

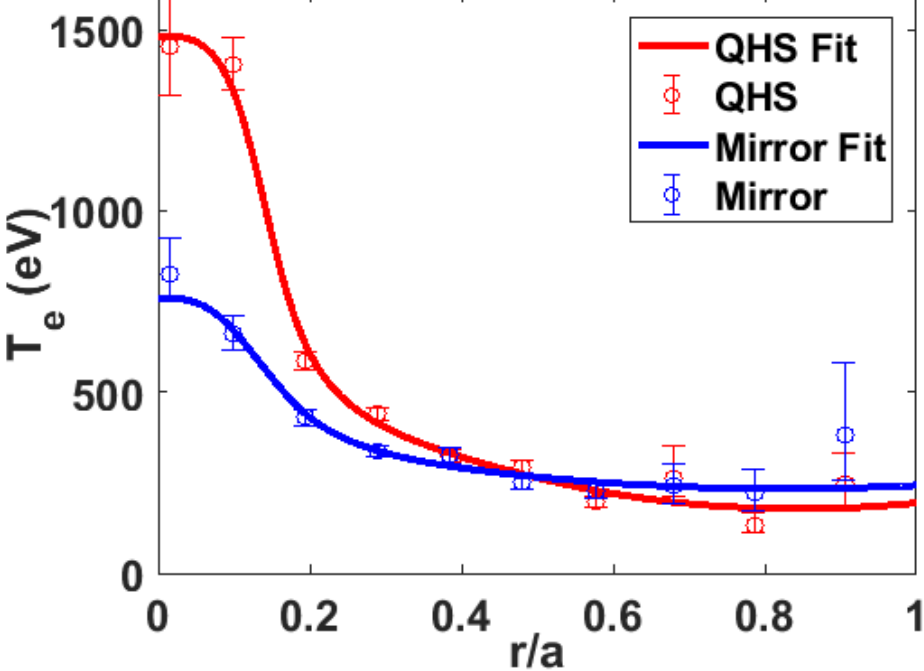
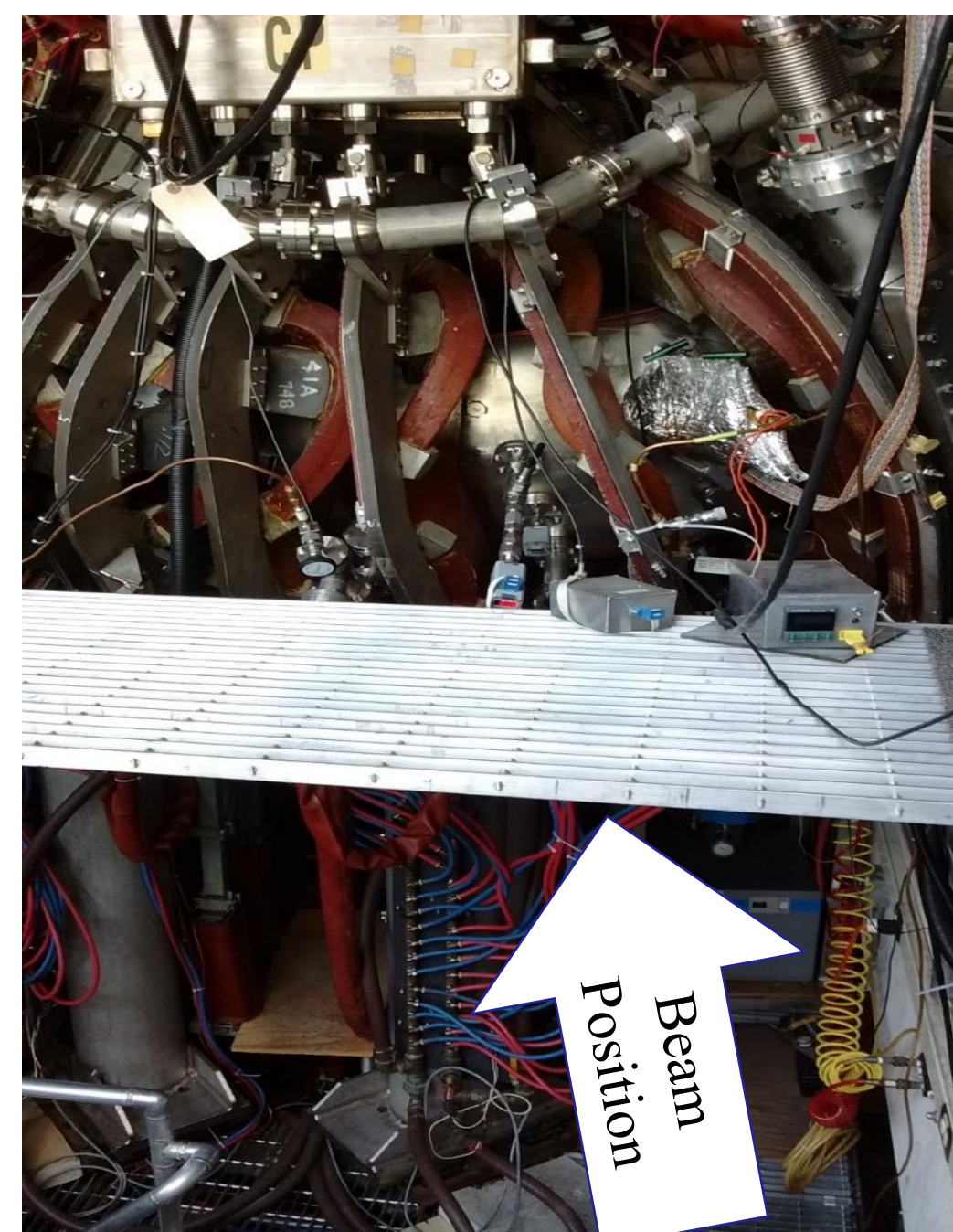
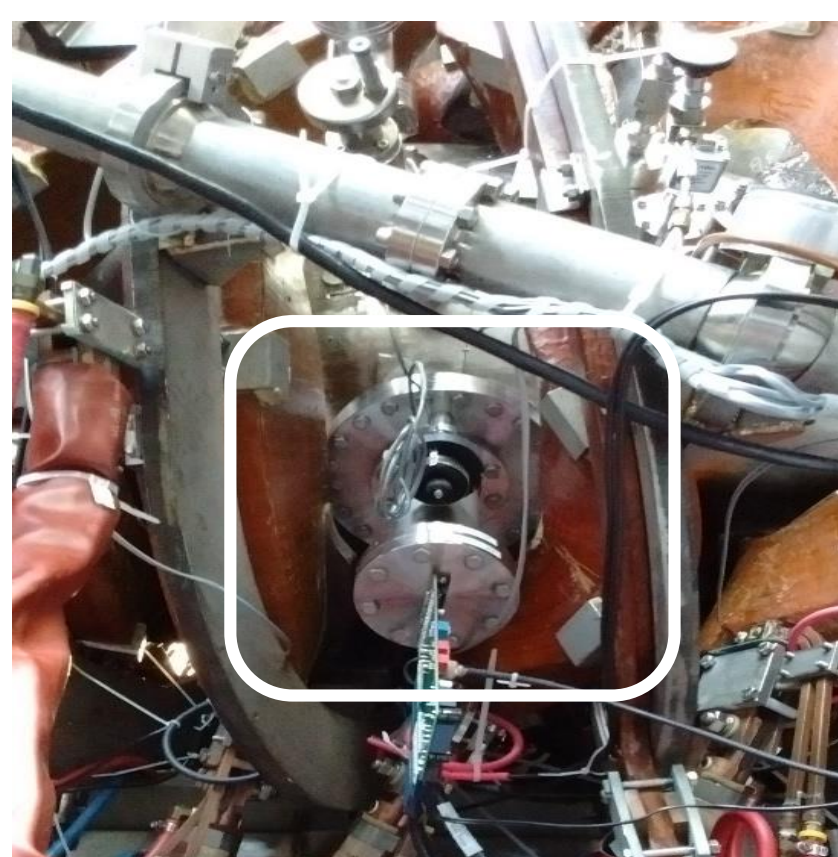
High Voltage Power Supply Rack

- Similar experiment carried out successfully on other HSX-scale devices, namely, the Compact Helical System (CHS)
- Also performed on Madison Symmetric Torus (MST); beam donated by MST Group



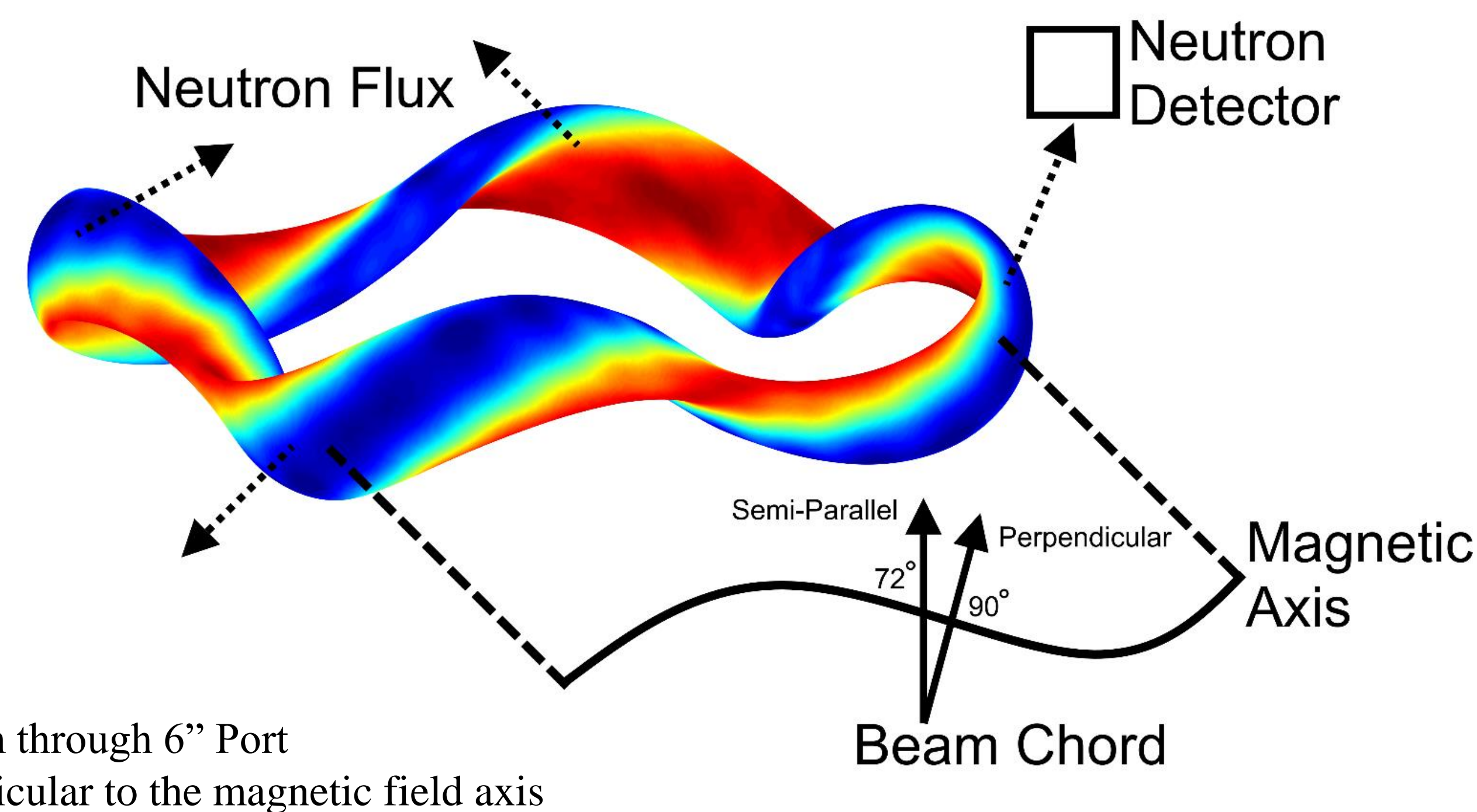
Installation on HSX

Proposed mount location:
 NBI → Upwards into vessel from mezzanine
 Neutron Detector → 15 cm port on C' between coils 3 and 4

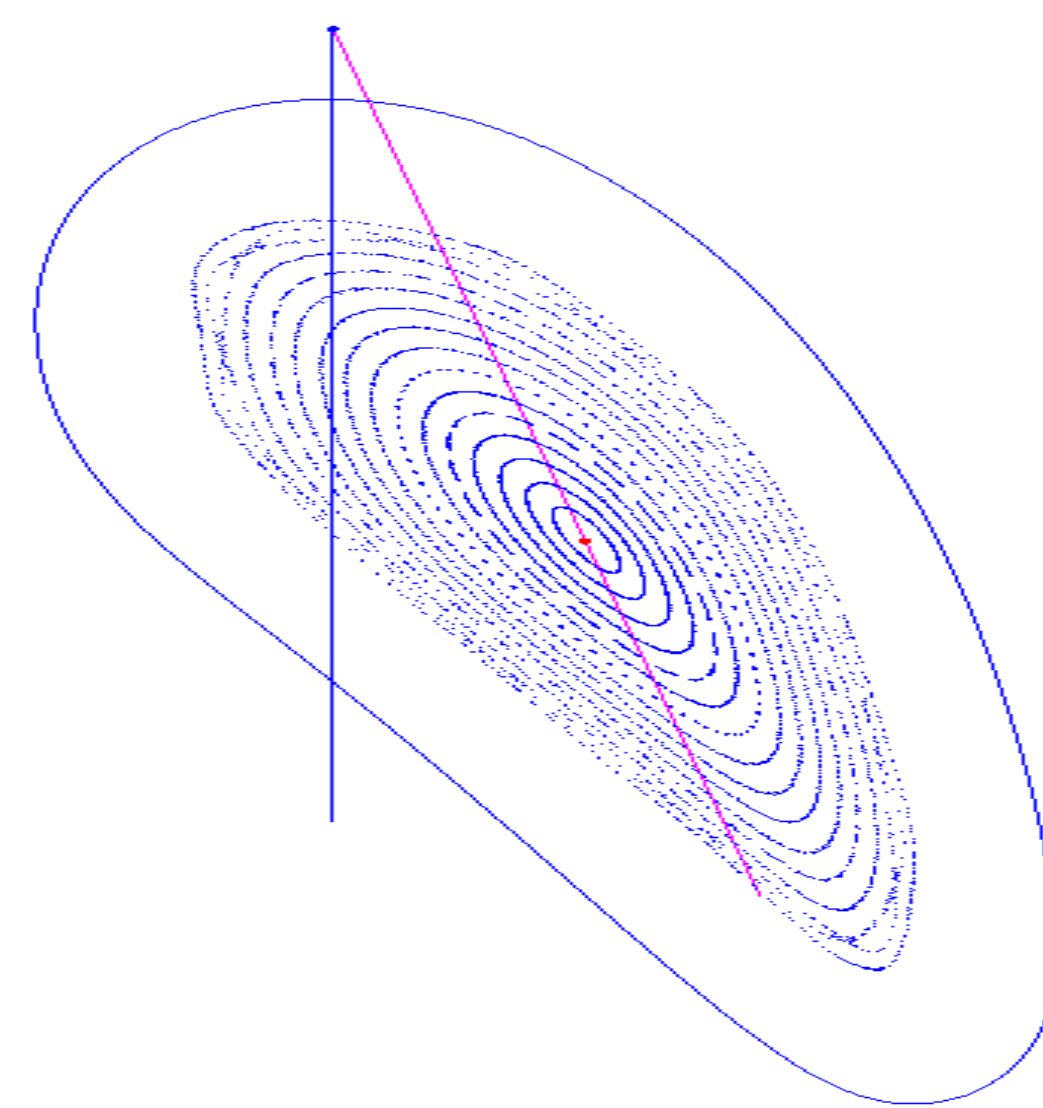


Previous studies on effects of symmetry breaking on electron confinement (ECH)

Launching Geometry

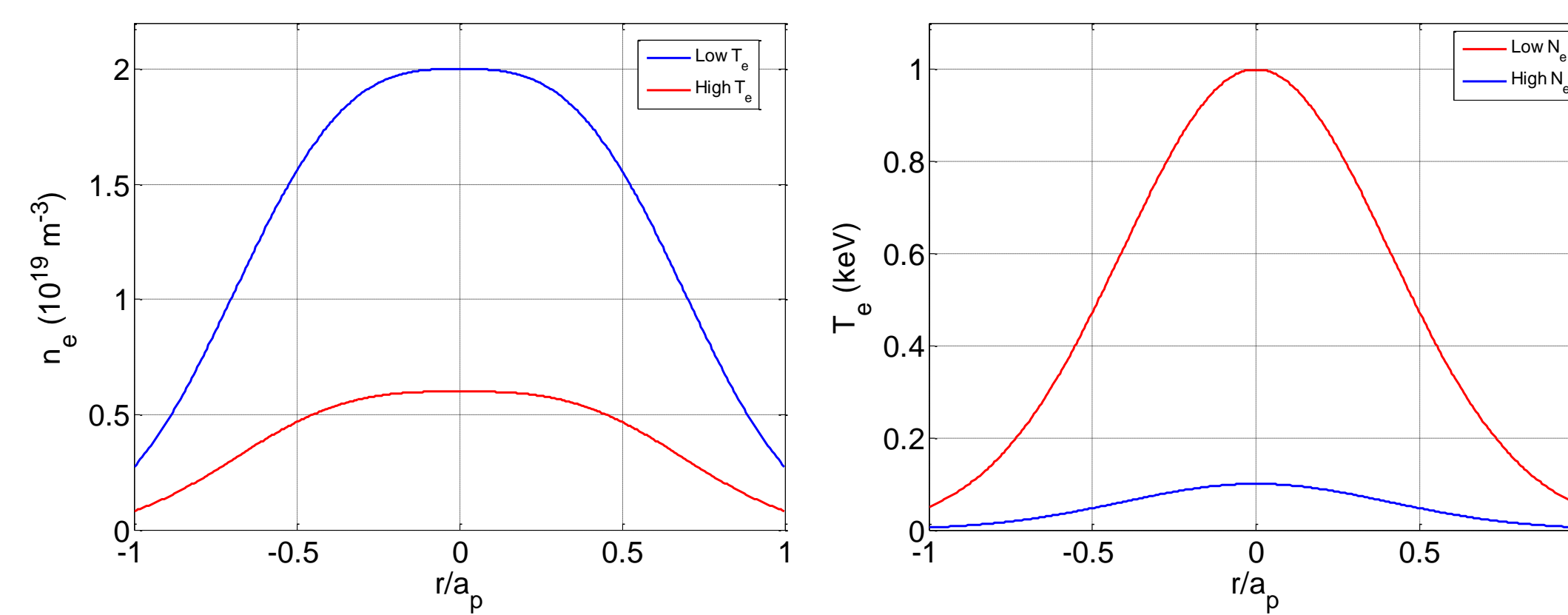


Injection through 6" Port
 Perpendicular to the magnetic field axis



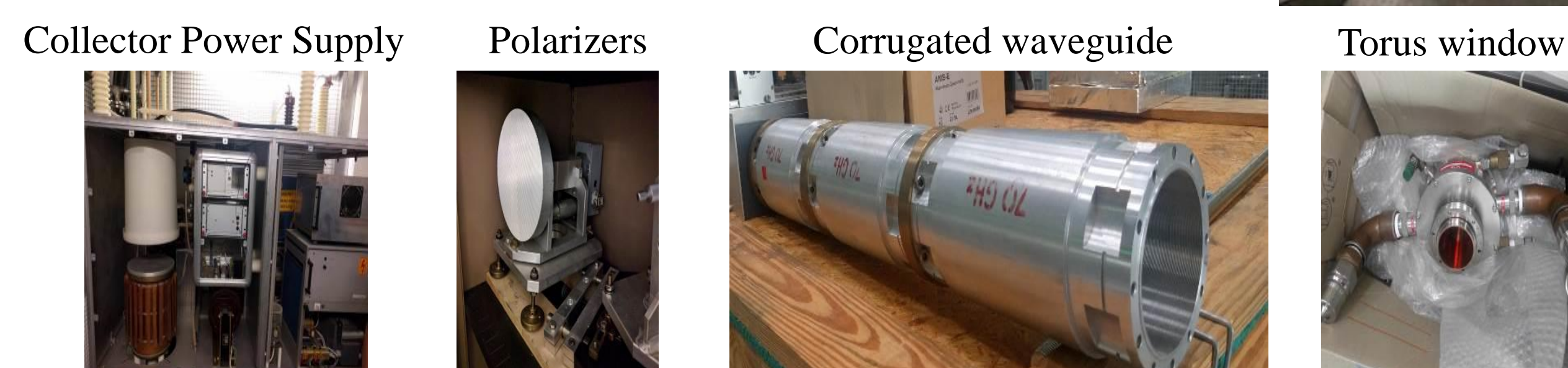
- Three different cases have been examined, namely, (1) perpendicular launch through a box port or (2) 6" port and (3) a tangential launch through 6" port → 72° to the magnetic field axis

Plasma Density and Electron Temperature Profiles

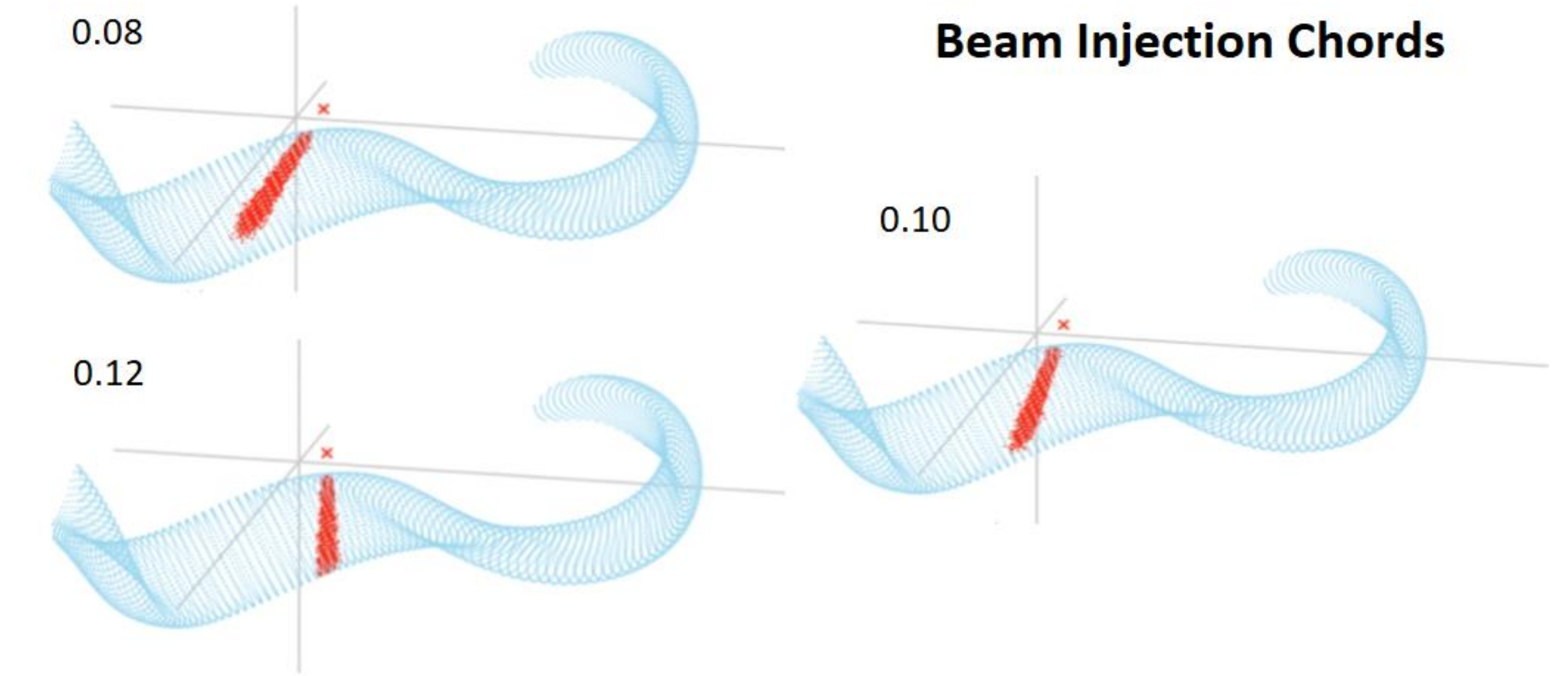


70 GHz ECRH System

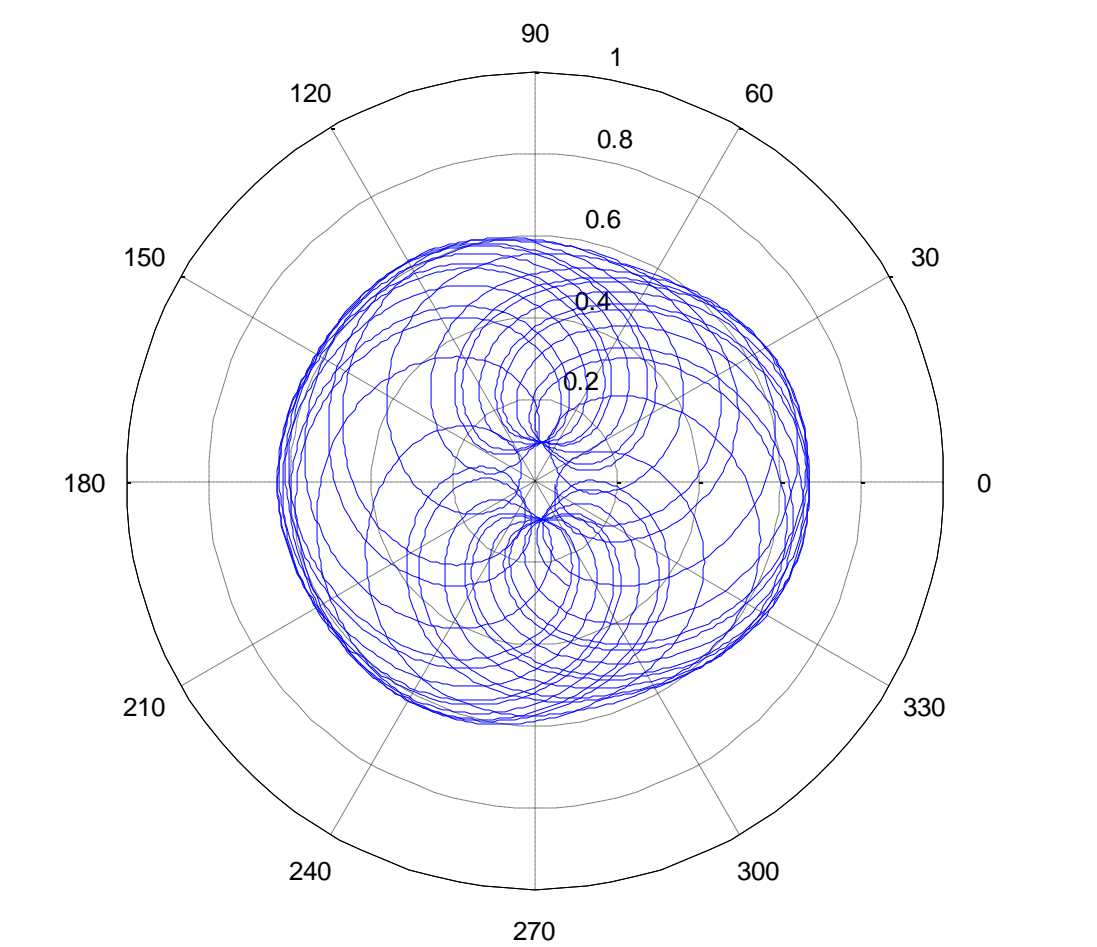
- Major hardware components donated by W7-X Group (IPP)
 - 500 kW / 70 GHz depressed collector gyrotron/magnet capable of 3 s operation
 - Collector power supply, transmission line components
 - New beam power supply requested from FES
- Will expand experimental capabilities:
 - Operation at B = 1.25 T
 - Triple attainable density (2X cutoff $n_e = 3 \times 10^{13} \text{ cm}^{-3}$)
 - Longer pulse operation
- Will provide a better target plasma for the injection studies (and better shielding of core from neutrals with reduced CX: n^*a goes from 0.075 → 0.3)



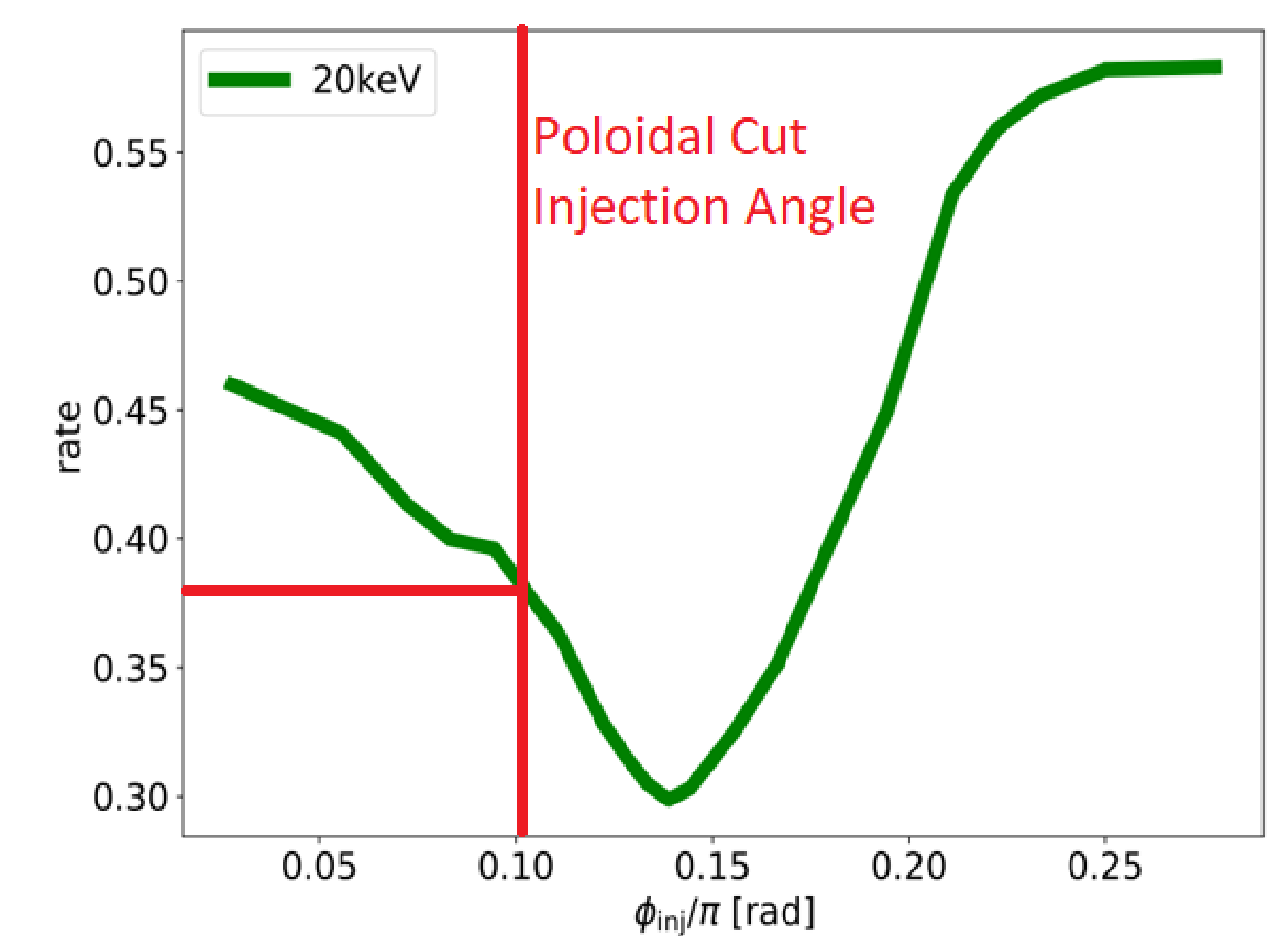
Simulations by GNET



Drift orbit of 20 keV ions in HSX



Birth Rate of Beam Ions



Estimates

- Fast Ion Birth Rate (beam attenuation) along chord
 - GNET = 36-38%
 - 1-D estimate = 41-48%
- Best-Case (perfect confinement) neutron rate
 - 1-D estimate = $\sim 5 \times 10^8 \text{ n/s}$
 - CHS measurement = $1 \times 10^8 - 1 \times 10^9 \text{ n/s}$

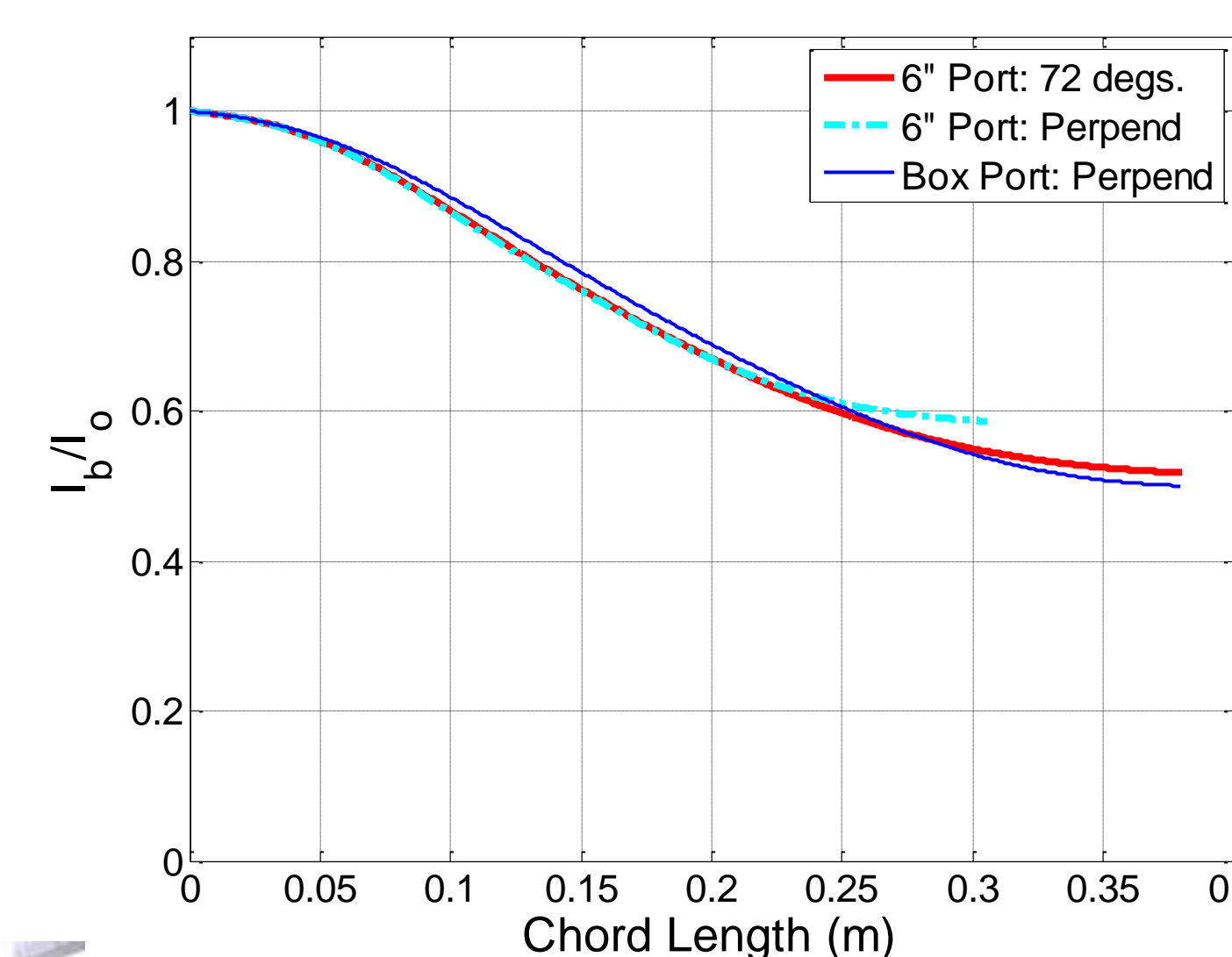
Next Steps

- Test NBI system on test stand; install on HSX
- Use GNET to model slowing down and charge exchange; energy deposition and efficiency
- Model neutron production and fluxes for comparison to measurements
- Contrast confinement of energetic ions in QHS and mirror magnetic configurations

Acknowledgments

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Attenuation along the beam axis



Charge Exchange Time in D plasmas

